

HIGHLIGHTS

- ✓ *Solution to all questions*
- ✓ *solutions are put in way the student is expected to reproduce in the exam*
- ✓ *taught in the class room the same way as the solution are put up here . That makes the student to easily go through the solution & prepare him/herself when he/she sits back to revise and recall the topic at any given point of time .*
- ✓ *lastly, if student due to some unavoidable reasons , has missed the lecture , will not have to run here and there to update his/her notes .*
- ✓ *however class room lectures are must for easy passage of understanding & learning the minuest details of the given topic*

PAPER - I**DIFFERENTIATION**

DIFFERENTIATION

DERIVATIVES OF STANDARD FUNCTIONS

$$\frac{d}{dx}(k) = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x) = 1$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^2) = 2x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^3) = 3x^2$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^4) = 4x^3$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^n) = nx^{n-1}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x}) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\frac{1}{x} = \frac{-1}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\log x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(a^x) = a^x \cdot \log a$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) = \cos x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) = -\sin x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\tan x) = \sec^2 x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cot x) = -\operatorname{cosec}^2 x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sec x) = \sec x \cdot \tan x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{cosec} x) = -\operatorname{cosec} x \cdot \cot x$$

SUMS ON PRODUCT RULE & QUOTIENT RULE

Q SET -1 : SUMS ON PRODUCT RULE

01. $y = x \cdot \tan x$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = x \cdot \sec^2 x + \tan x$$

02. $y = x^2 \cdot \tan x$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = x \cdot \sec^2 x + 2x \cdot \tan x$$

03. $y = e^x \cdot \tan x$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = e^x \cdot (\sec^2 x + \tan x)$$

04. $y = x^3 \cdot \cos x$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 \cdot \cos x - x^3 \cdot \sin x$$

05. $y = \sin x \cdot \cos x$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \cos 2x$$

06. $y = x^2 \cdot 3^x$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = x \cdot 3^x \cdot (x \cdot \log 3 + 2)$$

07. $y = x^5 \cdot 5^x$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = x^4 \cdot 5^x \cdot (x \cdot \log 5 + 5)$$

08. $y = (x^2 + 3x) \cdot \log x$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = x + 3 + (2x + 3) \cdot \log x$$

09. $y = (x^4 + 2x) \cdot \sin x$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = (x^4 + 2x) \cdot \cos x + (4x^3 + 2) \cdot \sin x$$

10. $y = (9x^3 - 1) \cdot \tan x$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = (9x^3 - 1) \cdot \sec^2 x + 27x^2 \cdot \tan x$$

$$11. \quad y = (4x^3 - 7x^2 + 5) \cdot \cos x$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = (12x^2 - 14x) \cdot \cos x - (4x^3 - 7x^2 + 5) \cdot \sin x$$

$$12. \quad y = x \cdot \sin x + \cos x$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = x \cdot \cos x$$

$$13. \quad y = 2x \cdot \sin x - x^2 \cdot \cos x$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = (x^2 + 2) \cdot \sin x$$

$$14. \quad y = x^4 \cdot \log x - e^x \cdot \sin x$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = x^3 (1 + 4 \cdot \log x) - e^x (\cos x + \sin x)$$

Q SET -2 : SUMS ON QUOTIENT RULE

$$01. \quad y = \frac{x^3 - 3x + 5}{2x + 1}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4x^3 + 3x^2 - 13}{(2x + 1)^2}$$

$$02. \quad y = \frac{x^3 + 2x - 1}{x^2 - 2}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x^4 - 8x^2 + 2x - 4}{(x^2 - 2)^2}$$

$$03. \quad y = \frac{3x^2 - 4}{x + 5}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x^2 + 30x + 4}{(x + 5)^2}$$

$$04. \quad y = \frac{(2x - 1)(3x + 1)}{4x - 1}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{24x^2 - 12x + 5}{(4x - 1)^2}$$

$$05. \quad y = \frac{x + 2}{(x - 3)(x + 4)}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-x^2 - 4x - 14}{(x^2 + x - 12)^2}$$

$$06. \quad y = \frac{\sqrt{x} + 1}{\sqrt{x} - 1}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x} - 1)^2}$$

$$07. \quad y = \frac{3e^x - 2}{x^2 - 4}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^x(3x^2 - 6x - 12) + 4x}{(x^2 - 4)^2}$$

$$08. \quad y = \frac{e^x + 2}{(x - 1)(x + 5)}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^x \cdot (x^2 + 2x - 9) - 4x - 8}{(x^2 + 4x - 5)^2}$$

$$09. \quad y = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{1 + \cos x}$$

$$10. \quad y = \frac{x + \cos x}{1 + \sin x}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-x \cdot \cos x}{(1 + \sin x)^2}$$

$$11. \quad y = \frac{1}{\sec x + \tan x}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-1}{1 + \sin x}$$

$$12. \quad y = \frac{2 + 3 \cdot \cos x}{3 + 2 \cdot \cos x}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-5 \cdot \sin x}{(3 + 2 \cdot \cos x)^2}$$

$$13. \quad y = \frac{x^3 - \sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x^2 \cdot \cos x + x^3 \cdot \sin x - 1}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$14. \quad y = \frac{\log x}{x \cdot e^x}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1 - (x+1) \cdot \log x}{x^2 \cdot e^x}$$

$$15. \quad y = \frac{x^2 + 3}{x \cdot \log x}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x^2 - 3) \cdot \log x - x^2 - 3}{(x \cdot \log x)^2}$$

$$16. \quad y = \frac{x^2 + 2}{x \cdot \log x + 1}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x^2 - 2) \cdot \log x + 2x - x^2 - 2}{(x \cdot \log x + 1)^2}$$

Q SET -3 : SUMS ON COMPOSITE RULE

$$01. \quad y = (2x^2 - 5)^4$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = 16x(2x^2 - 5)^3$$

$$02. \quad y = (x^2 - 3)^5$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = 10x(x^2 - 3)^4$$

$$03. \quad y = (5 - x)^3$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = -3(5 - x)^2$$

$$04. \quad y = (3x^2 - 5ax + a^2)^4$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = 4(6x - 5a)(3x^2 - 5ax + a^2)^3$$

$$05. \quad y = (x^2 - 5x + 7)^{3/2}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3}{2} (x^2 - 5x + 7)^{1/2} \cdot (2x - 5)$$

$$06. \quad y = (3x^4 - x^3 + 4)^{5/2}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{15x^2}{2} (3x^4 - x^3 + 4)^{3/2} \cdot (4x - 1)$$

$$07. \quad y = \sqrt{1 + x^2}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}}$$

$$08. \quad y = \sqrt{2x^2 + 3x - 4}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{6x^2 + 3}{2\sqrt{2x^2 + 3x - 4}}$$

$$09. \quad y = \sqrt{5x^2 - 3x + 1}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{10x - 3}{2\sqrt{5x^2 - 3x + 1}}$$

$$10. \quad y = \sin(3x + 4)$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = 3 \cdot \cos(3x + 4)$$

$$11. \quad y = \sec(4x - 3)$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = 4 \cdot \sec(4x - 3) \cdot \tan(4x - 3)$$

$$12. \quad y = \sec(x^2 + 1)$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = 2x \cdot \sec(x^2 + 1) \cdot \tan(x^2 + 1)$$

13. $y = \sin (2x + 5)^2$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4(2x+5) \cdot \cos(2x+5)^2$

14. $y = \tan (3x+2)^2$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6(3x+2) \cdot \sec^2(3x+2)^2$

15. $y = \tan (5x-3)^2$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = 10 \cdot (5x-3) \cdot \sec^2(5x-3)^2$

16. $y = \tan (x \cdot e^x)$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^x(x + 1) \cdot \sec^2(x \cdot e^x)$

17. $y = \sin^5 x$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = 5 \cdot \sin^4 x \cdot \cos x$

18. $y = \sin^2(2x+5)$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \cdot \sin (4x+10)$

19. $y = \sin^2(x^3)$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 \cdot \sin(2x^3)$

20. $y = e^{2x^2+3}$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4x \cdot e^{2x^2+3}$

21. $y = e^{ax^2+bx+c}$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = (2ax + b) \cdot e^{ax^2+bx+c}$

22. $y = e^{(x-1)^3}$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3(x-1)^2 \cdot e^{(x-1)^3}$

23. $y = e^{x \cdot \cos x - \sin x}$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = -x \cdot \sin x \cdot e^{x \cdot \cos x - \sin x}$

24. $y = \log (\sin x)$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = \cot x$

25. $y = \log (\sec x + \tan x)$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sec x$

26. $y = \log (\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x)$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = \operatorname{cosec} x$

27. $y = \log (x \cdot \sin x + \cos x)$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x \cdot \cos x}{x \cdot \sin x + \cos x}$

28. $y = \log (\sin e^x)$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^x \cdot \cot e^x$

29. $y = \log (\tan x)$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2}{\sin 2x}$

30. $y = \log (\cos^2 5x)$
ans : $\frac{dy}{dx} = -10 \cdot \cot 5x$

31. $y = \log (\tan 8^x)$

$$32. \quad y = 5^{(x^2+1)^3}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = 6x \cdot (x^2+1)^2 \cdot 5^{(x^2+1)^3} \cdot \log 5$$

$$33. \quad y = 5^{(x^2-5x+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2(x^2-5x+1) \cdot (2x-5) \cdot 5^{(x^2-5x+1)^2} \cdot \log 5$$

$$34. \quad y = 7^{x \cdot \sin x}$$

$$\text{ans : } \frac{dy}{dx} = 7^{x \cdot \sin x} \cdot \log 7 \cdot (x \cdot \cos x + \sin x)$$

SOLUTION SET - 1

SUMS ON PRODUCT RULE

01. $y = x \cdot \tan x$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= x \frac{d}{dx} \tan x + \tan x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} x \\ &= x \cdot \sec^2 x + \tan x \cdot (1) \\ &= x \cdot \sec^2 x + \tan x\end{aligned}$$

02. $y = x^2 \cdot \tan x$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= x^2 \frac{d}{dx} \tan x + \tan x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} x^2 \\ &= x \cdot \sec^2 x + \tan x \cdot (2x) \\ &= x \cdot \sec^2 x + 2x \cdot \tan x\end{aligned}$$

03. $y = e^x \cdot \tan x$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= e^x \frac{d}{dx} \tan x + \tan x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} e^x \\ &= e^x \cdot \sec^2 x + \tan x \cdot e^x \\ &= e^x \cdot (\sec^2 x + \tan x)\end{aligned}$$

04. $y = x^3 \cdot \cos x$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= x^3 \frac{d}{dx} \cos x + \cos x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} x^3 \\ &= x^3 \cdot (-\sin x) + \cos x \cdot (3x^2) \\ &= -x^3 \cdot \sin x + 3x^2 \cdot \cos x \\ &= 3x^2 \cdot \cos x - x^3 \cdot \sin x\end{aligned}$$

05. $y = \sin x \cdot \cos x$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \sin x \frac{d}{dx} \cos x + \cos x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \sin x \\ &= \sin x \cdot (-\sin x) + \cos x \cdot \cos x \\ &= -\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x \\ &= \cos 2x\end{aligned}$$

$$06. \quad y = x^2 \cdot 3^x$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= x^2 \frac{d}{dx} 3^x + 3^x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} x^2 \\ &= x^2 \cdot 3^x \cdot \log 3 + 3^x \cdot (2x) \\ &= 3^x \cdot (x^2 \cdot \log 3 + 2x) \\ &= x \cdot 3^x \cdot (x \cdot \log 3 + 2) \end{aligned}$$

$$07. \quad y = x^5 \cdot 5^x$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= x^5 \frac{d}{dx} 5^x + 5^x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} x^5 \\ &= x^5 \cdot 5^x \cdot \log 5 + 5^x \cdot (5x^4) \\ &= 5^x \cdot (x^5 \cdot \log 5 + 5x^4) \\ &= x^4 \cdot 5^x \cdot (x \cdot \log 5 + 5) \end{aligned}$$

$$08. \quad y = (x^2 + 3x) \cdot \log x$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= (x^2 + 3x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \log x + \log x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 + 3x) \\ &= (x^2 + 3x) \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \log x \cdot (2x + 3) \\ &= \frac{x^2 + 3x}{x} + (2x + 3) \cdot \log x \\ &= x + 3 + (2x + 3) \cdot \log x \end{aligned}$$

$$09. \quad y = (x^4 + 2x) \cdot \sin x$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= (x^4 + 2x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \sin x + \sin x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^4 + 2x) \\ &= (x^4 + 2x) \cdot \cos x + \sin x \cdot (4x^3 + 2) \\ &= (x^4 + 2x) \cdot \cos x + (4x^3 + 2) \cdot \sin x \end{aligned}$$

$$10. \quad y = (9x^3 - 1) \cdot \tan x$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= (9x^3 - 1) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \tan x + \tan x \frac{d}{dx} (9x^3 - 1) \\ &= (9x^3 - 1) \cdot \sec^2 x + \tan x \cdot 27x^2 \\ &= (9x^3 - 1) \cdot \sec^2 x + 27x^2 \cdot \tan x \end{aligned}$$

$$11. \quad y = (4x^3 - 7x^2 + 5) \cdot \cos x$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= (4x^3 - 7x^2 + 5) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \cos x + \cos x \frac{d}{dx} (4x^3 - 7x^2 + 5) \\ &= (4x^3 - 7x^2 + 5) \cdot (-\sin x) + \cos x \cdot (12x^2 - 14x + 0) \\ &= -(4x^3 - 7x^2 + 5) \cdot \sin x + (12x^2 - 14x) \cdot \cos x \\ &= (12x^2 - 14x) \cdot \cos x - (4x^3 - 7x^2 + 5) \cdot \sin x \end{aligned}$$

$$12. \quad y = x \cdot \sin x + \cos x$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= x \frac{d}{dx} \sin x + \sin x \frac{d}{dx} x + \frac{d}{dx} \cos x \\ &= x \cdot \cos x + \sin x \cdot (1) - \sin x \\ &= x \cdot \cos x + \sin x - \sin x \\ &= x \cdot \cos x \end{aligned}$$

$$13. \quad y = 2x \cdot \sin x - x^2 \cdot \cos x$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= 2x \frac{d}{dx} \sin x + \sin x \frac{d}{dx} 2x - \left(x^2 \frac{d}{dx} \cos x + \cos x \frac{d}{dx} x^2 \right) \\ &= 2x \cdot \cos x + \sin x \cdot 2 - \left[x^2 \cdot (-\sin x) + \cos x \cdot 2x \right] \\ &= 2x \cdot \cos x + 2 \cdot \sin x - \left[-x^2 \cdot \sin x + 2x \cdot \cos x \right] \\ &= 2x \cdot \cos x + 2 \cdot \sin x + x^2 \cdot \sin x - 2x \cdot \cos x \\ &= 2 \cdot \sin x + x^2 \cdot \sin x \\ &= (x^2 + 2) \cdot \sin x \end{aligned}$$

$$14. \quad y = x^4 \cdot \log x - e^x \cdot \sin x$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^4 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \log x + \log x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} x^4 - \left(e^x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \sin x + \sin x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} e^x \right)$$

$$= x^4 \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \log x \cdot 4x^3 - \left(e^x \cdot \cos x + \sin x \cdot e^x \right)$$

$$= x^3 + 4x^3 \cdot \log x - e^x (\cos x + \sin x)$$

$$= x^3 (1 + 4 \cdot \log x) - e^x (\cos x + \sin x)$$

SOLUTION SET - 2

SUMS ON QUOTIENT RULE

$$01. \quad y = \frac{x^3 - 3x + 5}{2x + 1}$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(2x + 1) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^3 - 3x + 5) - (x^3 - 3x + 5) \frac{d}{dx}(2x + 1)}{(2x + 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{(2x + 1) \cdot (3x^2 - 3) - (x^3 - 3x + 5) \cdot 2}{(2x + 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{6x^3 - 6x + 3x^2 - 3 - 2x^3 + 6x - 10}{(2x + 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{4x^3 - 6x + 3x^2 - 13}{(2x + 1)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$02. \quad y = \frac{x^3 + 2x - 1}{x^2 - 2}$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(x^2 - 2) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^3 + 2x - 1) - (x^3 + 2x - 1) \frac{d}{dx}(x^2 - 2)}{(x^2 - 2)^2} \\ &= \frac{(x^2 - 2) \cdot (3x^2 + 2) - (x^3 + 2x - 1) \cdot 2x}{(x^2 - 2)^2} \\ &= \frac{3x^4 + 2x^2 - 6x^2 - 4 - 2x \cdot (x^3 + 2x - 1)}{(x^2 - 2)^2} \\ &= \frac{3x^4 + 2x^2 - 6x^2 - 4 - 2x^4 - 4x^2 + 2x}{(x^2 - 2)^2} \\ &= \frac{2x^4 - 8x^2 + 2x - 4}{(x^2 - 2)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$03. \quad y = \frac{3x^2 - 4}{x + 5}$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(x + 5) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (3x^2 - 4) - (3x^2 - 4) \frac{d}{dx} (x + 5)}{(x + 5)^2} \\ &= \frac{(x + 5) \cdot 6x - (3x^2 - 4) \cdot 1}{(x + 5)^2} \\ &= \frac{6x^2 + 30x - 3x^2 + 4}{(x + 5)^2} \\ &= \frac{3x^2 + 30x + 4}{(x + 5)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$04. \quad y = \frac{(2x - 1)(3x + 1)}{4x - 1}$$

$$y = \frac{6x^2 - x - 1}{4x - 1}$$

Differentiating wrt. x ,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(4x - 1) \frac{d}{dx} (6x^2 - x - 1) - (6x^2 - x - 1) \frac{d}{dx} (4x - 1)}{(4x - 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{(4x - 1) \cdot (12x - 1) - (6x^2 - x - 1) \cdot 4}{(4x - 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{48x^2 - 4x - 12x + 1 - 4(6x^2 - x - 1)}{(4x - 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{48x^2 - 16x + 1 - 24x^2 + 4x + 4}{(4x - 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{24x^2 - 12x + 5}{(4x - 1)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$05. \quad y = \frac{x + 2}{(x - 3)(x + 4)}$$

$$y = \frac{x + 2}{x^2 + x - 12}$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(x^2 + x - 12) \frac{d}{dx}(x + 2) - (x + 2) \frac{d}{dx}(x^2 + x - 12)}{(x^2 + x - 12)^2} \\ &= \frac{(x^2 + x - 12) \cdot 1 - (x + 2)(2x + 1)}{(x^2 + x - 12)^2} \\ &= \frac{x^2 + x - 12 - (2x^2 + x + 4x + 2)}{(x^2 + x - 12)^2} \\ &= \frac{x^2 + x - 12 - (2x^2 + 5x + 2)}{(x^2 + x - 12)^2} \\ &= \frac{x^2 + x - 12 - 2x^2 - 5x - 2}{(x^2 + x - 12)^2} = \frac{-x^2 - 4x - 14}{(x^2 + x - 12)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$06. \quad y = \frac{\sqrt{x} + 1}{\sqrt{x} - 1}$$

Differentiating wrt x ,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(\sqrt{x} - 1) \frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x} + 1) - (\sqrt{x} + 1) \frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x} - 1)}{(\sqrt{x} - 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{(\sqrt{x} - 1) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} - (\sqrt{x} + 1) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{(\sqrt{x} - 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} (\sqrt{x} - 1 - \sqrt{x} - 1)}{(\sqrt{x} - 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} (-2)}{(\sqrt{x} - 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x} - 1)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$07. \quad y = \frac{3e^x - 2}{x^2 - 4}$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(x^2 - 4) \frac{d(3e^x - 2)}{dx} - (3e^x - 2) \frac{d(x^2 - 4)}{dx}}{(x^2 - 4)^2} \\ &= \frac{(x^2 - 4) \cdot 3e^x - (3e^x - 2) \cdot 2x}{(x^2 - 4)^2} \\ &= \frac{3e^x \cdot (x^2 - 4) - 2x \cdot (3e^x - 2)}{(x^2 - 4)^2} \\ &= \frac{3e^x \cdot x^2 - 12e^x - 6xe^x + 4x}{(x^2 - 4)^2} \\ &= \frac{e^x(3x^2 - 6x - 12) + 4x}{(x^2 - 4)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$08. \quad y = \frac{e^x + 2}{(x - 1)(x + 5)}$$

$$y = \frac{e^x + 2}{x^2 + 4x - 5}$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(x^2 + 4x - 5) \frac{d(e^x + 2)}{dx} - (e^x + 2) \frac{d(x^2 + 4x - 5)}{dx}}{(x^2 + 4x - 5)^2} \\ &= \frac{(x^2 + 4x - 5) \cdot e^x - (e^x + 2) \cdot (2x + 4)}{(x^2 + 4x - 5)^2} \\ &= \frac{x^2 \cdot e^x + 4x \cdot e^x - 5e^x - (2xe^x + 4e^x + 4x + 8)}{(x^2 + 4x - 5)^2} \\ &= \frac{x^2 \cdot e^x + 4x \cdot e^x - 5e^x - 2xe^x - 4e^x - 4x - 8}{(x^2 + 4x - 5)^2} \\ &= \frac{e^x \cdot (x^2 + 4x - 5 - 2x - 4) - 4x - 8}{(x^2 + 4x - 5)^2} \\ &= \frac{e^x \cdot (x^2 + 2x - 9) - 4x - 8}{(x^2 + 4x - 5)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$09. \quad y = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(1 + \cos x) \frac{d}{dx} \sin x - \sin x \frac{d}{dx} (1 + \cos x)}{(1 + \cos x)^2} \\ &= \frac{(1 + \cos x) \cdot \cos x - \sin x (0 - \sin x)}{(1 + \cos x)^2} \\ &= \frac{\cos x + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{(1 + \cos x)^2} \\ &= \frac{\cos x + 1}{(1 + \cos x)^2} \\ &= \frac{1}{1 + \cos x} \end{aligned}$$

$$10. \quad y = \frac{x + \cos x}{1 + \sin x}$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(1 + \sin x) \frac{d}{dx} (x + \cos x) - (x + \cos x) \frac{d}{dx} (1 + \sin x)}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \\ &= \frac{(1 + \sin x) \cdot (1 - \sin x) - (x + \cos x) (0 + \cos x)}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \\ &= \frac{1 - \sin^2 x - (x + \cos x) \cdot \cos x}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \\ &= \frac{\cos^2 x - x \cdot \cos x - \cos^2 x}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \\ &= \frac{-x \cdot \cos x}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$11. y = \frac{1}{\sec x + \tan x}$$

$$y = \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x}$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(1 + \sin x) \frac{d}{dx} \cos x - \cos x \frac{d}{dx} (1 + \sin x)}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \\ &= \frac{(1 + \sin x) \cdot (-\sin x) - \cos x (0 + \cos x)}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \\ &= \frac{-\sin x - \sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \\ &= \frac{-\sin x - (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \\ &= \frac{-\sin x - 1}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \\ &= \frac{-(1 + \sin x)}{(1 + \sin x)^2} = \frac{-1}{1 + \sin x} \end{aligned}$$

$$12. y = \frac{2 + 3 \cdot \cos x}{3 + 2 \cdot \cos x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(3 + 2 \cdot \cos x) \frac{d}{dx} (2 + 3 \cdot \cos x) - (2 + 3 \cdot \cos x) \frac{d}{dx} (3 + 2 \cdot \cos x)}{(3 + 2 \cdot \cos x)^2} \\ &= \frac{(3 + 2 \cdot \cos x) \cdot [0 + 3(-\sin x)] - (2 + 3 \cdot \cos x) [0 + 2(-\sin x)]}{(3 + 2 \cdot \cos x)^2} \\ &= \frac{(3 + 2 \cdot \cos x)(-3 \cdot \sin x) - (2 + 3 \cdot \cos x) \cdot (-2 \cdot \sin x)}{(3 + 2 \cdot \cos x)^2} \\ &= \frac{-3 \cdot \sin x (3 + 2 \cdot \cos x) + 2 \cdot \sin x (2 + 3 \cdot \cos x)}{(3 + 2 \cdot \cos x)^2} \\ &= \frac{-9 \cdot \sin x - 6 \cdot \sin x \cdot \cos x + 4 \cdot \sin x + 6 \cdot \sin x \cdot \cos x}{(3 + 2 \cdot \cos x)^2} \\ &= \frac{-5 \cdot \sin x}{(3 + 2 \cdot \cos x)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$13. \quad y = \frac{x^3 - \sin x}{\cos x}$$

Differentiating wrt x

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{\cos x \frac{d}{dx} (x^3 - \sin x) - (x^3 - \sin x) \frac{d}{dx} (\cos x)}{\cos^2 x} \\ &= \frac{\cos x \cdot (3x^2 - \cos x) - (x^3 - \sin x) \cdot (-\sin x)}{\cos^2 x} \\ &= \frac{\cos x \cdot (3x^2 - \cos x) + \sin x \cdot (x^3 - \sin x)}{\cos^2 x} \\ &= \frac{3x^2 \cdot \cos x - \cos^2 x + x^3 \cdot \sin x - \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} \\ &= \frac{3x^2 \cdot \cos x + x^3 \cdot \sin x - (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)}{\cos^2 x} \\ &= \frac{3x^2 \cdot \cos x + x^3 \cdot \sin x - 1}{\cos^2 x} \end{aligned}$$

$$14. \quad y = \frac{\log x}{x \cdot e^x}$$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{x \cdot e^x \frac{d}{dx} \log x - \log x \frac{d}{dx} (x \cdot e^x)}{(x \cdot e^x)^2} \\ &= \frac{x \cdot e^x \cdot \frac{1}{x} - \log x \left(x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} e^x + e^x \frac{d}{dx} x \right)}{(x \cdot e^x)^2} \\ &= \frac{e^x - \log x \cdot x \cdot e^x + e^x \cdot 1}{(x \cdot e^x)^2} \\ &= \frac{e^x - \log x \cdot e^x (x + 1)}{(x \cdot e^x)^2} \\ &= \frac{e^x [1 - (x + 1) \cdot \log x]}{x^2 \cdot (e^x)^2} \\ &= \frac{1 - (x + 1) \cdot \log x}{x^2 \cdot e^x} \end{aligned}$$

15. $y = \frac{x^2 + 3}{x \cdot \log x}$, Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{x \cdot \log x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 + 3) - (x^2 + 3) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x \cdot \log x)}{(x \cdot \log x)^2} \\ &= \frac{x \cdot \log x \cdot 2x - (x^2 + 3) \cdot \left[x \frac{d}{dx} \log x + \log x \frac{d}{dx} x \right]}{(x \cdot \log x)^2} \\ &= \frac{2x^2 \cdot \log x - (x^2 + 3) \left[x \frac{1}{x} + \log x \cdot 1 \right]}{(x \cdot \log x)^2} \\ &= \frac{2x^2 \cdot \log x - (x^2 + 3) \cdot (1 + \log x)}{(x \cdot \log x)^2} \\ &= \frac{2x^2 \cdot \log x - (x^2 + x^2 \cdot \log x + 3 + 3 \log x)}{(x \cdot \log x)^2} \\ &= \frac{2x^2 \cdot \log x - x^2 - x^2 \cdot \log x - 3 - 3 \log x}{(x \cdot \log x)^2} \\ &= \frac{(2x^2 - x^2 - 3) \log x - x^2 - 3}{(x \cdot \log x)^2} \\ &= \frac{(x^2 - 3) \cdot \log x - x^2 - 3}{(x \cdot \log x)^2} \end{aligned}$$

16. $y = \frac{x^2 + 2}{x \cdot \log x + 1}$

Differentiating wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(x \cdot \log x + 1) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 + 2) - (x^2 + 2) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x \cdot \log x + 1)}{(x \cdot \log x + 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{(x \cdot \log x + 1) \cdot 2x - (x^2 + 2) \cdot \left[x \frac{d}{dx} \log x + \log x \frac{d}{dx} x + 0 \right]}{(x \cdot \log x + 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{2x^2 \cdot \log x + 2x - (x^2 + 2) \left[x \frac{1}{x} + \log x \cdot 1 \right]}{(x \cdot \log x + 1)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{2x^2 \cdot \log x + 2x - (x^2 + 2) \cdot (1 + \log x)}{(x \cdot \log x + 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2x^2 \cdot \log x + 2x - (x^2 + x^2 \cdot \log x + 2 + 2 \log x)}{(x \cdot \log x + 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2x^2 \cdot \log x + 2x - x^2 - x^2 \cdot \log x - 2 - 2 \log x}{(x \cdot \log x + 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(2x^2 - x^2 - 2) \cdot \log x + 2x - x^2 - 2}{(x \cdot \log x + 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(x^2 - 2) \cdot \log x + 2x - x^2 - 2}{(x \cdot \log x + 1)^2}$$

SOLUTION SET - 3

QSET 3 : SUMS ON COMPOSITE RULE

01. $y = (2x^2 - 5)^4$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= 4(2x^2 - 5)^3 \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(2x^2 - 5) \\ &= 4(2x^2 - 5)^3 \cdot (4x - 0) \\ &= 16x(2x^2 - 5)^3\end{aligned}$$

02. $y = (x^2 - 3)^5$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= 5(x^2 - 3)^4 \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^2 - 3) \\ &= 5(x^2 - 3)^4 \cdot (2x - 0) \\ &= 10x(x^2 - 3)^4\end{aligned}$$

03. $y = (5 - x)^3$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= 3(5 - x)^2 \frac{d}{dx}(5 - x) \\ &= 3(5 - x)^2 \cdot (0 - 1) \\ &= -3(5 - x)^2\end{aligned}$$

04. $y = (3x^2 - 5ax + a^2)^4$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= 4(3x^2 - 5ax + a^2)^3 \frac{d}{dx}(3x^2 - 5ax + a^2) \\ &= 4(3x^2 - 5ax + a^2)^3 \cdot (6x - 5a + 0) \\ &= 4(6x - 5a)(3x^2 - 5ax + a^2)^3\end{aligned}$$

05. $y = (x^2 - 5x + 7)^{3/2}$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{3}{2}(x^2 - 5x + 7)^{3/2-1} \frac{d}{dx}(x^2 - 5x + 7) \\ &= \frac{3}{2}(x^2 - 5x + 7)^{1/2} \cdot (2x - 5 + 0) \\ &= \frac{3}{2}(x^2 - 5x + 7)^{1/2} \cdot (2x - 5)\end{aligned}$$

06. $y = (3x^4 - x^3 + 4)^{5/2}$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{5}{2}(3x^4 - x^3 + 4)^{5/2-1} \frac{d}{dx}(3x^4 - x^3 + 4) \\ &= \frac{5}{2}(3x^4 - x^3 + 4)^{3/2} \cdot (12x^3 - 3x^2) \\ &= \frac{5}{2}(3x^4 - x^3 + 4)^{3/2} \cdot 3x^2(4x - 1) \\ &= \frac{15x^2}{2}(3x^4 - x^3 + 4)^{3/2} \cdot (4x - 1)\end{aligned}$$

$$07. \quad y = \sqrt{1 + x^2}$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+x^2}} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(1+x^2) \\ &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+x^2}} \cdot 2x \\ &= \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$08. \quad y = \sqrt{2x^2 + 3x - 4}$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2x^2+3x-4}} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(2x^2+3x-4) \\ &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2x^2+3x-4}} \cdot (6x^2+3) \\ &= \frac{6x^2+3}{2\sqrt{2x^2+3x-4}} \end{aligned}$$

$$09. \quad y = \sqrt{5x^2 - 3x + 1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5x^2-3x+1}} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(5x^2-3x+1) \\ &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5x^2-3x+1}} \cdot (10x-3) \\ &= \frac{10x-3}{2\sqrt{5x^2-3x+1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$10. \quad y = \sin(3x + 4)$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \cos(3x+4) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(3x+4) \\ &= \cos(3x+4) \cdot 3 \\ &= 3 \cdot \cos(3x+4) \end{aligned}$$

$$11. \quad y = \sec(4x - 3)$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \sec(4x-3) \cdot \tan(4x-3) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(4x-3) \\ &= \sec(4x-3) \cdot \tan(4x-3) \cdot 4 \\ &= 4 \cdot \sec(4x-3) \cdot \tan(4x-3) \end{aligned}$$

$$12. \quad y = \sec(x^2 + 1)$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \sec(x^2+1) \cdot \tan(x^2+1) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^2+1) \\ &= \sec(x^2+1) \cdot \tan(x^2+1) \cdot 2x \\ &= 2x \cdot \sec(x^2+1) \cdot \tan(x^2+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$13. \quad y = \sin(2x + 5)^2$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \cos(2x+5)^2 \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(2x+5)^2 \\ &= \cos(2x+5)^2 \cdot 2(2x+5) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(2x+5) \\ &= \cos(2x+5)^2 \cdot 2(2x+5) \cdot 2 \\ &= 4(2x+5) \cdot \cos(2x+5)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$14. \quad y = \tan(3x+2)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \sec^2(3x+2)^2 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (3x+2)^2 \\ &= \sec^2(3x+2)^2 \cdot 2(3x+2) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (3x+2) \\ &= \sec^2(3x+2)^2 \cdot 2(3x+2) \cdot 3 \\ &= 6(3x+2) \cdot \sec^2(3x+2)^2 . \end{aligned}$$

$$15. \quad y = \tan(5x-3)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \sec^2(5x-3)^2 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (5x-3)^2 \\ &= \sec^2(5x-3)^2 \cdot 2(5x-3) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (5x-3) \\ &= \sec^2(5x-3)^2 \cdot 2(5x-3) \cdot 5 \\ &= 10 \cdot (5x-3) \cdot \sec^2(5x-3)^2 . \end{aligned}$$

$$16. \quad y = \tan(x \cdot e^x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \sec^2(x \cdot e^x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x \cdot e^x) \\ &= \sec^2(x \cdot e^x) \left[x \frac{d}{dx} e^x + e^x \frac{d}{dx} x \right] \\ &= \sec^2(x \cdot e^x) \cdot (x e^x + e^x \cdot 1) \\ &= \sec^2(x \cdot e^x) \cdot e^x(x + 1) \\ &= e^x(x + 1) \cdot \sec^2(x \cdot e^x) \end{aligned}$$

$$17. \quad y = \sin^5 x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= 5 \cdot \sin^4 x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \sin x \\ &= 5 \cdot \sin^4 x \cdot \cos x \end{aligned}$$

$$18. \quad y = \sin^2(2x+5)$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= 2 \cdot \sin(2x+5) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \sin(2x+5) \\ &= 2 \cdot \sin(2x+5) \cdot \cos(2x+5) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (2x+5) \\ &= 2 \cdot \sin(2x+5) \cdot \cos(2x+5) \cdot 2 \\ &= \sin(4x+10) \cdot 2 \\ &= 2 \cdot \sin(4x+10) \end{aligned}$$

$$19. \quad y = \sin^2(x^3)$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= 2 \cdot \sin(x^3) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \sin(x^3) \\ &= 2 \cdot \sin(x^3) \cdot \cos(x^3) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^3) \\ &= 2 \cdot \sin(x^3) \cdot \cos(x^3) \cdot 3x^2 \\ &= \sin(2x^3) \cdot 3x^2 \\ &= 3x^2 \cdot \sin(2x^3) \end{aligned}$$

20. $y = e^{2x^2+3}$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{2x^2+3} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (2x^2 + 3)$$

$$= e^{2x^2+3} \cdot 4x$$

$$= 4x \cdot e^{2x^2+3}$$

21. $y = e^{ax^2+bx+c}$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{ax^2+bx+c} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (ax^2+bx+c)$$

$$= e^{ax^2+bx+c} \cdot (2ax + b)$$

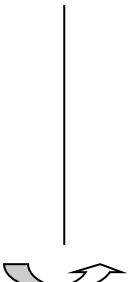
$$= (2ax + b) \cdot e^{ax^2+bx+c}$$

22. $y = e^{(x-1)^3}$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{(x-1)^3} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x-1)^3$$

$$= e^{(x-1)^3} \cdot 3(x-1)^2 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x-1)$$

$$= 3(x-1)^2 \cdot e^{(x-1)^3}$$


23. $y = e^{x \cdot \cos x - \sin x}$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x \cdot \cos x - \sin x} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x \cdot \cos x - \sin x)$$

$$= e^{x \cdot \cos x - \sin x} \cdot \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \cos x + \cos x \frac{d}{dx} x - \frac{d}{dx} \sin x \right)$$

$$= e^{x \cdot \cos x - \sin x} \cdot \left(x \cdot (-\sin x) + \cos x \cdot 1 - \cos x \right)$$

$$= e^{x \cdot \cos x - \sin x} \cdot (-x \cdot \sin x + \cos x - \cos x)$$

$$= -x \cdot \sin x \cdot e^{x \cdot \cos x - \sin x}$$

$$24. \quad y = \log (\sin x)$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{\sin x} \frac{d}{dx} (\sin x) \\ &= \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \\ &= \cot x \end{aligned}$$

$$25. \quad y = \log (\sec x + \tan x)$$

Differentiate wrt x

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{\sec x + \tan x} \frac{d}{dx} (\sec x + \tan x) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sec x + \tan x} \cdot (\sec x \cdot \tan x + \sec^2 x) \\ &= \frac{\sec x (\sec x + \tan x)}{\sec x + \tan x} \\ &= \sec x \end{aligned}$$

$$26. \quad y = \log (\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x)$$

differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x} \frac{d}{dx} (\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x) \\ &= \frac{(-\operatorname{cosec} x \cdot \cot x + \operatorname{cosec}^2 x)}{\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x} \\ &= \frac{\operatorname{cosec} x (\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x)}{\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x} \\ &= \operatorname{cosec} x \end{aligned}$$

$$27. \quad y = \log (x \cdot \sin x + \cos x)$$

differentiate wrt x

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{x \cdot \sin x + \cos x} \frac{d}{dx} (x \cdot \sin x + \cos x) \\ &= \frac{1}{x \cdot \sin x + \cos x} \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \sin x + \sin x \frac{d}{dx} x - \sin x \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{x \cdot \sin x + \cos x} (x \cdot \cos x + \sin x - \sin x) \\ &= \frac{x \cdot \cos x}{x \cdot \sin x + \cos x} \end{aligned}$$

$$28. \quad y = \log (\sin e^x)$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{\sin e^x} \frac{d}{dx} (\sin e^x) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sin e^x} \cdot \cos e^x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} e^x \\ &= \frac{\cos e^x}{\sin e^x} \cdot e^x \\ &= e^x \cdot \cot e^x \end{aligned}$$

$$29. \quad y = \log (\tan x)$$

Differentiate wrt x

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{\tan x} \frac{d}{dx} \tan x \\ &= \frac{1}{\tan x} \cdot \sec^2 x \\ &= \frac{1}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \\ &= \frac{2}{2 \sin x \cdot \cos x} = \frac{2}{\sin 2x} \end{aligned}$$

$$30. \quad y = \log (\cos^2 5x)$$

$$y = 2 \cdot \log (\cos 5x)$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= 2 \frac{1}{\cos 5x} \frac{d}{dx} \cos 5x \\ &= 2 \frac{1}{\cos 5x} (-\sin 5x) \frac{d}{dx} 5x \\ &= 2 \frac{1}{\cos 5x} (-\sin 5x) \cdot 5 \\ &= -10 \cdot \cot 5x \end{aligned}$$

$$31. \quad y = \log (\tan 8^x)$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{\tan 8^x} \frac{d}{dx} (\tan 8^x) \\ &= \frac{1}{\tan 8^x} \cdot \sec^2 8^x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} 8^x \\ &= \frac{1}{\tan 8^x} \cdot \sec^2 8^x \cdot 8^x \cdot \log 8 \\ &= \frac{1}{\frac{\sin 8^x}{\cos 8^x}} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 8^x} \cdot 8^x \cdot \log 8 \\ &= \frac{2}{2 \cdot \sin 8^x \cdot \cos 8^x} \cdot 8^x \cdot \log 8 \\ &= \frac{2 \cdot 8^x \cdot \log 8}{\sin (2 \cdot 8^x)} \end{aligned}$$

$$32. \quad y = 5^{(x^2+1)^3}$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= 5^{(x^2+1)^3} \cdot \log 5 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^2+1)^3 \\ &= 5^{(x^2+1)^3} \cdot \log 5 \cdot 3(x^2+1)^2 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^2+1) \\ &= 5^{(x^2+1)^3} \cdot \log 5 \cdot 3(x^2+1)^2 \cdot 2x \\ &= 6x \cdot (x^2+1)^2 \cdot 5^{(x^2+1)^3} \cdot \log 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$33. \quad y = 5^{(x^2-5x+1)^2}$$

Differentiate wrt x ;

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= 5^{(x^2-5x+1)^2} \cdot \log 5 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^2-5x+1)^2 \\ &= 5^{(x^2-5x+1)^2} \cdot \log 5 \cdot 2(x^2-5x+1) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^2-5x+1) \\ &= 5^{(x^2-5x+1)^2} \cdot \log 5 \cdot 2(x^2-5x+1) \cdot (2x-5) \\ &= 2(x^2-5x+1) \cdot (2x-5) \cdot 5^{(x^2-5x+1)^2} \cdot \log 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$34. \quad y = 7^{x \cdot \sin x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 7^{x \cdot \sin x} \cdot \log 7 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} x \cdot \sin x$$

$$= 7^{x \cdot \sin x} \cdot \log 7 \cdot \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \sin x + \sin x \frac{d}{dx} x \right)$$

$$= 7^{x \cdot \sin x} \cdot \log 7 \cdot (x \cdot \cos x + \sin x)$$